ZAYED COLLEGE FOR GIRLS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Ministry Number: 471

Principal: Nazmeen Ahmed

School Address: 44 Westney Road, Mangere

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Accountant / Service Provider: S.A.J. Services Ltd

ZAYED COLLEGE FOR GIRLS

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2024

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Zayed College for Girls

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2024 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Linley Myers	Nazmon Ahmed
Full Name of Commissioner	Full Name of Principal
Myers Signature of Commissioner	Signature of Principal
29 5 25 Date:	29 5 25 . Date:

Zayed College for Girls Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024	2024	2023
		Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	3,117,181	2,068,273	2,483,741
Locally Raised Funds	3	54,424	43,550	48,631
Use of Proprietor's Land and Buildings		675,000	675,000	675,000
Interest		25,521	19,000	21,661
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		-	-	854
Other Revenue		-	-	144,143
Total Revenue	-	3,872,126	2,805,823	3,374,030
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	34,735	24,490	33,582
Learning Resources	4	2,616,587	1,727,569	2,117,549
Administration	5	450,535	335,562	367,486
Interest		3,724	1,218	-
Property	6	867,885	833,800	928,168
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		18	-	443
Total Expense	-	3,973,484	2,922,639	3,447,228
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		(101,358)	(116,816)	(73,198)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	<u>L</u>
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year	-	(101,358)	(116,816)	(73,198)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Zayed College for Girls Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024 Actual \$	2024 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2023 Actual \$
	_			
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		(101,358) 31,217	(116,816) -	(73,198) 32,902
Equity at 31 December	_	501,264	521,819	571,405
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		501,264	521,819	571,405
Equity at 31 December	_	501,264	521,819	571,405

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Zayed College for Girls Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2024

	Notes	2024	2024 Budget	2023
		Notes Actual		Actual
		\$	(Unaudited) \$	\$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	460,368	362,765	481,082
Accounts Receivable	8	199,827	249	155,407
GST Receivable		11,156	8,017	9,529
Prepayments		8,521	15,123	14,811
Inventories	9	3,196	-	680
	_	683,068	386,154	661,509
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	12	248,671	15,193	184,063
Revenue Received in Advance	13	-	2,172	6,076
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	43,551	26,953	10,767
Finance Lease Liability	15	10,419	6,450	8,213
Funds held in Trust	16	13,524	3,390	3,390
	_	316,165	54,158	212,509
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		366,903	331,996	449,000
Non-current Assets		004.440	004.000	044.007
Property, Plant and Equipment	11 _	284,416	281,860	311,367
		284,416	281,860	311,367
Non-current Liabilities		105.054	70.007	470.044
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	135,951	78,367	179,611
Finance Lease Liability	15	14,104	13,670	9,351
	-	150,055	92,037	188,962
Net Assets	-	501,264	521,819	571,405
Equity	_	501,264	521,819	571,405

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

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Zayed College for Girls Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	2024 Note Actual	2024 Budget (Unaudited)	2023	
			Actual	
		\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
O		054 750	700 070	007 000
Locally Raised Funds		40,207	/ ठ, / ठ 9	∠37,888
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(1,627)	(2,285)	(3,797)
Payments to Employees		(395,453)	(352,100)	(346,151)
Payments to Suppliers		(548,661)	(450,998)	(383,482)
Interest Paid		(3,724)	(1,218)	-
Interest Received		25,521	19,000	21,661
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities	•	(22,981)	59,531	217,815
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(27,916)	(278,060)	(168,190)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(27,916)	(278,060)	(168,190)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		31,217	-	32,902
Finance Lease Payments		(11,168)	57,904	(14,304)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Other Parties		10,134	(17,769)	(17,769)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		30,183	40,135	829
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(20,714)	(178,394)	50,454
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	481,082	541,159	430,628
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	460,368	362,765	481,082

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Zayed College for Girls Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity

Zayed College for Girls (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of \$33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance

The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings. This expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The School's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Proprietor are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Proprietor are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:
Building Improvements
Furniture and Equipment
Information and Communication Technology
Motor Vehicles
Textbooks
Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease
Library Resources

10–75 years 10–15 years 4-5 years 5 years 3 years Term of Lease

12.5% Diminishing value

j) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment

The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

k) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

I) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

m) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the Group to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

n) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

o) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Proprietor. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, building and other facilities on the School sites in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 7 to 10 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the school to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

p) Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

r) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

s) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

Government Grants - Ministry of Education Teachers' Salaries Grants Other Government Grants

2024 Actual	2024 Budget	2023 Actual
\$	(Unaudited) \$	\$
889,694	694,244	676,299
2,220,146	1,370,529	1,804,507
7,341	3,500	2,935
3,117,181	2,068,273	2,483,741

Local funds raised within the School's community are ma	ade up of:
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Local funds raised within the School's Community are made up or.	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations and Bequests	-	5,000	1,779
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	27,404	17,550	14,005
Trading	15,800	13,400	18,166
Fundraising and Community Grants	3,338	1,100	4,857
Other Revenue	7,882	6,500	9,824
International Student Fees	-	-	-
	54,424	43,550	48,631
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	33,187	24,050	28,456
Trading	1,548	440	3,827
Fundraising and Community Grant Costs	-	-	1,299
	34,735	24,490	33,582
Surplus/ (Deficit) for the year Locally Raised Funds	19,689	19,060	15,049

4. Learning Resources			
·	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Curricular	100,527	120,846	85,641
Information and Communication Technology	47,969	29,000	34,260
Employee Benefits - Salaries	2,387,260	1,467,929	1,906,946
Staff Development	6,061	14,094	14,168
Depreciation	72,978	95,000	75,336
Other Learning Resources	1,792	700	1,198
	2,616,587	1,727,569	2,117,549

5. Administration

	2024 Actual	2024	2023
		Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fees	8,029	9,000	6,400
Board Fees and Expenses	595	7,250	1,883
Intervention Expenses	90,767	50,000	46,630
Legal Fees	52,828	20,000	10,690
Other Administration Expenses	28,169	16,743	44,001
Employee Benefits - Salaries	253,887	216,700	239,034
Insurance	4,676	2,569	4,082
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	11,584	13,300	14,766
	450,535	335,562	367,486

6. Property

6. Property	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Consultancy and Contract Services	65,821	42,000	39,642
Cyclical Maintenance	(10,876)	-	103,237
Heat, Light and Water	30,802	35,000	23,176
Repairs and Maintenance	34,935	16,500	22,761
Use of Land and Buildings	675,000	675,000	675,000
Employee Benefits - Salaries	40,131	38,000	38,524
Other Property Expenses	32,072	27,300	25,828
	867,885	833,800	928,168

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. This is used as a proxy for the market rental of the property.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

•	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Bank Accounts	\$ 460,368	\$ 362,765	\$ 481,082
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	460,368	362,765	481,082

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

8. Accounts Receivable

U. Accounts Necelvable	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	2,390	249	249
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	-	-	11,682
Banking Staffing Underuse	197,437	-	143,476
	199,827	249	155,407
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	2 390	249	249
	199,827	249	155,407
9. Inventories	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual

3,196

3,196

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

School Uniforms

2024	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Buildings	66,446	-	-		(5,470)	60,976
Furniture and Equipment	180,433	15,379	(18)	-	(32,530)	163,264
Information and Communication Technology	21,729	12,539	-	-	(11,340)	22,928
Motor Vehicles	14,986	-	-	_	(8,174)	6,812
Leased Assets	18,497	18,127	-	-	(14,305)	22,319
Library Resources	9,276	_	-	-	(1,159)	8,117
	311,367	46,045	(18)	_	(72,978)	284,416

The net carrying value of furniture and equipment held under a finance lease is \$22,319 (2023: \$18,497)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

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	2024 Cost or Valuation \$	2024 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2024 Net Book Value \$	2023 Cost or Valuation \$	2023 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2023 Net Book Value \$
Buildings	109,405	(48,429)	60,976	109,405	(42,959)	66,446
Furniture and Equipment	331,100	(167,836)	163,264	325,213	(144,780)	180,433
Information and Communication Technology	164,675	(141,747)	22,928	171,318	(149,589)	21,729
Motor Vehicles	40,870	(34,058)	6,812	40,870	(25,884)	14,986
Leased Assets	47,915	(25,596)	22,319	29,788	(11,291)	18,497
Library Resources	43,525	(35,408)	8,117	43,525	(34,249)	9,276
	737,490	(453,074)	284,416	720,119	(408,752)	311,367
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12. Accou	nts Payable	•

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	19,202	(1,840)	20,888
Accruals	6,316	17,033	5,700
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	212,956	-	144,571
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	10,197	-	12,904
	248,671	15,193	184,063
Payables for Exchange Transactions	248,671	15,193	184,063
	248,671	15,193	184,063
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			

The carrying value of payables approximates their fall value

13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Other revenue in Advance	-	2,172	6,076
		2,172	6,076

14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

•	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Provision at the Start of the Year	190,378	78,367	105,320
Increase/(Decrease) to the Provision During the Year	(10,876)	26,953	103,237
Use of the Provision During the Year	-	=,	(18,179)
Provision at the End of the Year	179,502	105,320	190,378
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	43,551	26,953	10,767

The School's cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting to be undertaken. The costs associated with this annual work will vary depending on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on recent quotes received from painters.

179,502

105,320

15. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2024	Budget	2023
	Actual Budget (Unaudited)		Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	10,419	6,450	8,213
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	14,104	13,670	9,351
<u> </u>	24,523	20,120	17,564
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	10,419	6,450	8,213
Finance lease liability - Non current	14,104	13,670	9,351
•	24,523	20,120	17,564

16. Funds held in Trust

	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current	13,524	3,390	3,390
	13,524	3,390	3,390

These funds relate to arrangements where the school is acting as an agent. These amounts are not revenue or expense of the school and therefore are not included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

The Proprietor of the School (Aotearoa Charitable Foundation Trust) is a related party of the School Board because the proprietor appoints representatives to the School Board, giving the proprietor significant influence over the School Board. Any services or contributions between the School Board and Proprietor have been disclosed appropriately. If the proprietor collects fund on behalf of the school (or vice versa), the amounts are disclosed.

The Proprietor provides land and buildings free of charge for use by the School Board as noted in Note 1(c). The estimated value of this use during the current period is included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense as 'Use of Land and Buildings'. Under an agency agreement, the School collects funds on behalf of the Proprietor. These include attendance dues, building levy and special character donations payable to the Proprietor. The amounts collected in total were \$47,772.50 (2023: \$56,036). These do not represent revenue in the financial statements of the school. Any balance not transferred at the year end is treated as a liability. The total funds held by the school on behalf of the proprietor are \$13,524 (2023: \$3,389.71).

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

Board Members	2024 Actual \$	2023 Actual \$
Remuneration	-	990
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	517,368 4	416,437 3
Total key management personnel remuneration	517,368	417,427

There is 1 member of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 7 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the commissioner member have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal 1

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	Actual \$000	Actual \$000
Salary and Other Payments	160 - 170	160 - 170
Benefits and Other Emoluments	0 - 5	0 - 5
Termination Benefits	1 <u>-</u>	_

2023

2024

Principal 2

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

3	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	\$000	\$000
Salary and Other Payments	60 - 70	-
Benefits and Other Emoluments	-	-
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110	3.00	3.00
110 - 120	4.00	2.00
120 - 130	1.00	2.00
130 - 140	1.00	1.00
	9.00	8.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
Total	-	-
Number of People	<u>-</u>	-

20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2024 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2023: nil).

The Board has an ongoing legal investigation and process that started in 2024, costs to date are included in the financial statements.

Holidays Act Compliance - Schools Payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts of specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

Pay Equity and Collective Agreement Funding Wash-up

In 2024 the Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. At the date of signing the financial statements the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2024 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or a liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2025.

21. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

At 31 December 2024, the Board had no capital commitments (2023:nil).

22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

· ····································	2024 Actual	2024	2023 Actual
		Budget (Unaudited)	
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	460,368	362,765	481,082
Receivables	199,827	249	155,407
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	660,195	363,014	636,489
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	248,671	15,193	184,063
Finance Leases	24,523	20,120	17,564
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	273,194	35,313	201,627

23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

24. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Readers of Zayed College for Girls's Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2024

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Zayed College for Girls (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Bonita Swanepoel, using the staff and resources of William Buck Audit (NZ) Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages to 18, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 31 December 2024; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with PBE Accounting Standards (PBE IPSAS) Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 3 June 2025. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report. We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.









Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, arise from section 134 of the Education and training Act 2020.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our



opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.

- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report being the Kiwisport Report, Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy, How has the school given effect to Te Tiriti of Waitangi in 2024 and Analyses of Variance Reporting, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Bonita Swanepoel

William Buck Audit (NZ) Limited

Scrita Swanepoel.

On behalf of the Auditor-General Auckland, New Zealand

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